

www.hilti.com

Company:
 Address:
 Phone | Fax:
 Design:
 Fastening point:

|
 Copy - Middle-4-3" OFF-Combined

Page: 1
 Specifier:
 E-Mail:
 Date: 7/10/2024

Specifier's comments:

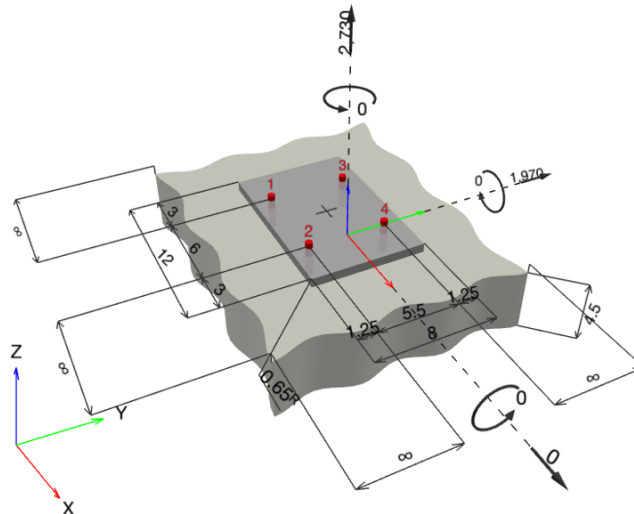
1 Input data



Anchor type and diameter:	KWIK HUS-EZ (KH-EZ) 1/2 (2 1/4)
Item number:	418071 KH-EZ 1/2"x3"
Specification text:	Hilti KH-EZ screw anchor with 2.25 in embedment, 1/2 (2 1/4), Carbon steel, installation per ESR-3027
Effective embedment depth:	$h_{ef,act} = 1.520$ in., $h_{nom} = 2.250$ in.
Material:	Carbon Steel
Evaluation Service Report:	ESR-3027
Issued Valid:	12/1/2023 12/1/2025
Proof:	Design Method ACI 318-19 / Mech
Stand-off installation:	$e_b = 0.000$ in. (no stand-off); $t = 0.650$ in.
Anchor plate ^R :	$l_x \times l_y \times t = 12.000$ in. x 8.000 in. x 0.650 in.; (Recommended plate thickness: not calculated)
Profile:	no profile
Base material:	uncracked concrete, 3000, $f'_c = 3,000$ psi; $h = 4.500$ in.
Installation:	hammer drilled hole, Installation condition: Dry
Reinforcement:	tension: not present, shear: not present; no supplemental splitting reinforcement present edge reinforcement: none or < No. 4 bar

^R - The anchor calculation is based on a rigid anchor plate assumption.

Geometry [in.] & Loading [lb, in.lb]



www.hilti.com

Company:		Page:	2
Address:		Specifier:	
Phone Fax:		E-Mail:	
Design:	Copy - Middle-4-3" OFF-Combined	Date:	7/10/2024
Fastening point:			

1.1 Design results

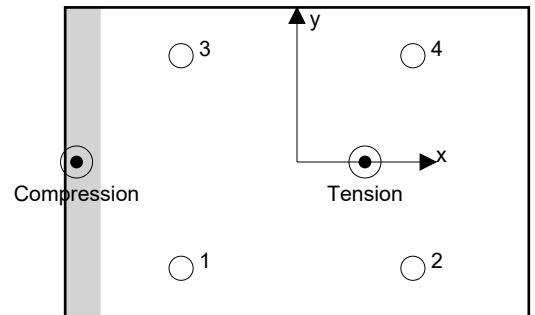
Case	Description	Forces [lb] / Moments [in.lb]	Seismic	Max. Util. Anchor [%]
1	Combination 1	N = 2,730; V _x = 0; V _y = 1,970; M _x = 0; M _y = 0; M _z = 0;	no	90

2 Load case/Resulting anchor forces

Anchor reactions [lb]

Tension force: (+Tension, -Compression)

Anchor	Tension force	Shear force	Shear force x	Shear force y
1	329	333	245	225
2	1,263	799	245	760
3	329	333	-245	225
4	1,263	799	-245	760



max. concrete compressive strain: 0.03 [‰]
 max. concrete compressive stress: 128 [psi]
 resulting tension force in (x/y)=(1.759/0.000): 3,184 [lb]
 resulting compression force in (x/y)=(-5.705/0.000): 454 [lb]

Anchor forces are calculated based on the assumption of a rigid anchor plate.

3 Tension load

	Load N _{ua} [lb]	Capacity ϕN_n [lb]	Utilization $\beta_N = N_{ua} / \phi N_n$	Status
Steel Strength*	1,263	11,778	11	OK
Pullout Strength*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Concrete Breakout Failure**	3,184	4,067	79	OK

* highest loaded anchor **anchor group (anchors in tension)



Hilti PROFIS Engineering 3.1.0

www.hilti.com

Company:		Page:	3
Address:		Specifier:	
Phone Fax:		E-Mail:	
Design:	Copy - Middle-4-3" OFF-Combined	Date:	7/10/2024
Fastening point:			

3.1 Steel Strength

N_{sa} = ESR value refer to ICC-ES ESR-3027
 $\phi N_{sa} \geq N_{ua}$ ACI 318-19 Table 17.5.2

Variables

$A_{se,N}$ [in. ²]	f_{uta} [psi]
0.16	112,540

Calculations

N_{sa} [lb]
18,120

Results

N_{sa} [lb]	ϕ_{steel}	ϕN_{sa} [lb]	N_{ua} [lb]
18,120	0.650	11,778	1,263



www.hilti.com

Company:		Page:	4
Address:		Specifier:	
Phone Fax:		E-Mail:	
Design:	Copy - Middle-4-3" OFF-Combined	Date:	7/10/2024
Fastening point:			

3.2 Concrete Breakout Failure

$$N_{cbg} = \left(\frac{A_{Nc}}{A_{Nc0}} \right) \psi_{ec,N} \psi_{ed,N} \psi_{c,N} \psi_{cp,N} N_b \quad \text{ACI 318-19 Eq. (17.6.2.1b)}$$

$$\phi N_{cbg} \geq N_{ua} \quad \text{ACI 318-19 Table 17.5.2}$$

$$A_{Nc} \text{ see ACI 318-19, Section 17.6.2.1, Fig. R 17.6.2.1(b)}$$

$$A_{Nc0} = 9 h_{ef}^2 \quad \text{ACI 318-19 Eq. (17.6.2.1.4)}$$

$$\psi_{ec,N} = \left(\frac{1}{1 + \frac{2 e_N}{3 h_{ef}}} \right) \leq 1.0 \quad \text{ACI 318-19 Eq. (17.6.2.3.1)}$$

$$\psi_{ed,N} = 0.7 + 0.3 \left(\frac{c_{a,min}}{1.5 h_{ef}} \right) \leq 1.0 \quad \text{ACI 318-19 Eq. (17.6.2.4.1b)}$$

$$\psi_{cp,N} = \text{MAX} \left(\frac{c_{a,min}}{c_{ac}}, \frac{1.5 h_{ef}}{c_{ac}} \right) \leq 1.0 \quad \text{ACI 318-19 Eq. (17.6.2.6.1b)}$$

$$N_b = k_c \lambda_a \sqrt{f'_c} h_{ef}^{1.5} \quad \text{ACI 318-19 Eq. (17.6.2.2.1)}$$

Variables

h_{ef} [in.]	$e_{c1,N}$ [in.]	$e_{c2,N}$ [in.]	$c_{a,min}$ [in.]	$\psi_{c,N}$
1.520	1.759	0.000	∞	1.000
c_{ac} [in.]	k_c	λ_a	f'_c [psij]	
2.750	27	1.000	3,000	

Calculations

A_{Nc} [in. ²]	A_{Nc0} [in. ²]	$\psi_{ec1,N}$	$\psi_{ec2,N}$	$\psi_{ed,N}$	$\psi_{cp,N}$	N_b [lb]
83.17	20.79	0.564	1.000	1.000	1.000	2,771

Results

N_{cbg} [lb]	$\phi_{concrete}$	ϕN_{cbg} [lb]	N_{ua} [lb]
6,257	0.650	4,067	3,184



Hilti PROFIS Engineering 3.1.0

www.hilti.com

Company:		Page:	5
Address:		Specifier:	
Phone Fax:		E-Mail:	
Design:	Copy - Middle-4-3" OFF-Combined	Date:	7/10/2024
Fastening point:			

4 Shear load

	Load V_{ua} [lb]	Capacity ϕV_n [lb]	Utilization $\beta_v = V_{ua} / \phi V_n$	Status
Steel Strength*	799	5,547	15	OK
Steel failure (with lever arm)*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Pryout Strength*	799	1,940	42	OK
Concrete edge failure in direction **	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

* highest loaded anchor **anchor group (relevant anchors)

4.1 Steel Strength

V_{sa} = ESR value refer to ICC-ES ESR-3027
 $\phi V_{steel} \geq V_{ua}$ ACI 318-19 Table 17.5.2

Variables

$A_{se,V}$ [in. ²]	f_{uta} [psi]
0.16	112,540

Calculations

V_{sa} [lb]
9,245

Results

V_{sa} [lb]	ϕ_{steel}	ϕV_{sa} [lb]	V_{ua} [lb]
9,245	0.600	5,547	799



www.hilti.com

Company:		Page:	6
Address:		Specifier:	
Phone Fax:		E-Mail:	
Design:	Copy - Middle-4-3" OFF-Combined	Date:	7/10/2024
Fastening point:			

4.2 Pryout Strength

$$V_{cp} = k_{cp} \left[\left(\frac{A_{Nc}}{A_{Nc0}} \right) \Psi_{ed,N} \Psi_{c,N} \Psi_{cp,N} N_b \right] \quad \text{ACI 318-19 Eq. (17.7.3.1a)}$$

$$\phi V_{cp} \geq V_{ua} \quad \text{ACI 318-19 Table 17.5.2}$$

$$A_{Nc} \text{ see ACI 318-19, Section 17.6.2.1, Fig. R 17.6.2.1(b)}$$

$$A_{Nc0} = 9 h_{ef}^2 \quad \text{ACI 318-19 Eq. (17.6.2.1.4)}$$

$$\Psi_{ec,N} = \left(\frac{1}{1 + \frac{2 e_{c,N}}{3 h_{ef}}} \right) \leq 1.0 \quad \text{ACI 318-19 Eq. (17.6.2.3.1)}$$

$$\Psi_{ed,N} = 0.7 + 0.3 \left(\frac{c_{a,min}}{1.5 h_{ef}} \right) \leq 1.0 \quad \text{ACI 318-19 Eq. (17.6.2.4.1b)}$$

$$\Psi_{cp,N} = \text{MAX} \left(\frac{c_{a,min}}{c_{ac}}, \frac{1.5 h_{ef}}{c_{ac}} \right) \leq 1.0 \quad \text{ACI 318-19 Eq. (17.6.2.6.1b)}$$

$$N_b = k_c \lambda_a \sqrt{f_c} h_{ef}^{1.5} \quad \text{ACI 318-19 Eq. (17.6.2.2.1)}$$

Variables

k_{cp}	h_{ef} [in.]	$e_{c1,N}$ [in.]	$e_{c2,N}$ [in.]	$c_{a,min}$ [in.]
1	1.520	0.000	0.000	∞
$\Psi_{c,N}$	c_{ac} [in.]	k_c	λ_a	f_c [psi]
1.000	2.750	27	1.000	3,000

Calculations

A_{Nc} [in. ²]	A_{Nc0} [in. ²]	$\Psi_{ec1,N}$	$\Psi_{ec2,N}$	$\Psi_{ed,N}$	$\Psi_{cp,N}$	N_b [lb]
20.79	20.79	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	2,771

Results

V_{cp} [lb]	$\phi_{concrete}$	ϕV_{cp} [lb]	V_{ua} [lb]
2,771	0.700	1,940	799

5 Combined tension and shear loads, per ACI 318-19 section 17.8

β_N	β_V	ζ	Utilization $\beta_{N,V}$ [%]	Status
0.783	0.412	5/3	90	OK

$$\beta_{NV} = \beta_N^\zeta + \beta_V^\zeta \leq 1$$



Hilti PROFIS Engineering 3.1.0

www.hilti.com

Company:		Page:	7
Address:		Specifier:	
Phone Fax:		E-Mail:	
Design:	Copy - Middle-4-3" OFF-Combined	Date:	7/10/2024
Fastening point:			

6 Warnings

- The anchor design methods in PROFIS Engineering require rigid anchor plates per current regulations (AS 5216:2021, ETAG 001/Annex C, EOTA TR029 etc.). This means load re-distribution on the anchors due to elastic deformations of the anchor plate are not considered - the anchor plate is assumed to be sufficiently stiff, in order not to be deformed when subjected to the design loading. PROFIS Engineering calculates the minimum required anchor plate thickness with CBFEM to limit the stress of the anchor plate based on the assumptions explained above. The proof if the rigid anchor plate assumption is valid is not carried out by PROFIS Engineering. Input data and results must be checked for agreement with the existing conditions and for plausibility!
- Condition A applies where the potential concrete failure surfaces are crossed by supplementary reinforcement proportioned to tie the potential concrete failure prism into the structural member. Condition B applies where such supplementary reinforcement is not provided, or where pullout or pryout strength governs.
- Refer to the manufacturer's product literature for cleaning and installation instructions.
- For additional information about ACI 318 strength design provisions, please go to <https://submittals.us.hilti.com/PROFISAnchorDesignGuide/>
- Hilti post-installed anchors shall be installed in accordance with the Hilti Manufacturer's Printed Installation Instructions (MPII). Reference ACI 318-19, Section 26.7.

Fastening meets the design criteria!

www.hilti.com

Company:
 Address:
 Phone | Fax:
 Design: | Copy - Middle-4-3" OFF-Combined
 Fastening point:

Page: 8
 Specifier:
 E-Mail:
 Date: 7/10/2024

7 Installation data

Profile: no profile

Hole diameter in the fixture: $d_f = 0.625$ in.

Plate thickness (input): 0.650 in.

Recommended plate thickness: not calculated

Drilling method: Hammer drilled

Cleaning: Manual cleaning of the drilled hole according to instructions for use is required.

Anchor type and diameter: KWIK HUS-EZ (KH-EZ) 1/2 (2 1/4)

Item number: 418071 KH-EZ 1/2"x3"

Maximum installation torque: 540 in.lb

Hole diameter in the base material: 0.500 in.

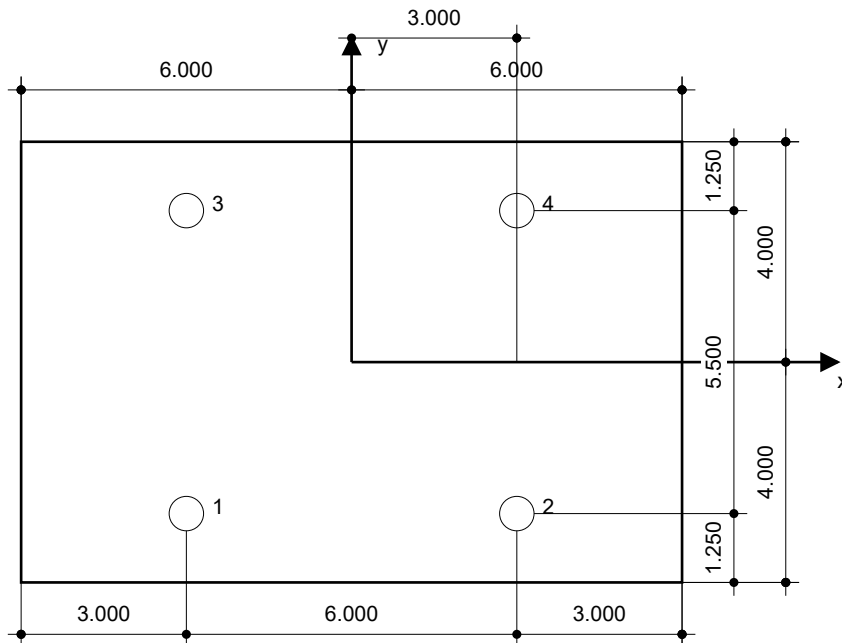
Hole depth in the base material: 2.625 in.

Minimum thickness of the base material: 4.500 in.

Hilti KH-EZ screw anchor with 2.25 in embedment, 1/2 (2 1/4), Carbon steel, installation per ESR-3027

7.1 Recommended accessories

Drilling	Cleaning	Setting
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Suitable Rotary Hammer • Properly sized drill bit 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Manual blow-out pump 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Torque wrench



Coordinates Anchor [in.]

Anchor	x	y	C _{-x}	C _{+x}	C _{-y}	C _{+y}
1	-3.000	-2.750	-	-	-	-
2	3.000	-2.750	-	-	-	-
3	-3.000	2.750	-	-	-	-
4	3.000	2.750	-	-	-	-



www.hilti.com

Company:		Page:	9
Address:		Specifier:	
Phone Fax:		E-Mail:	
Design:	Copy - Middle-4-3" OFF-Combined	Date:	7/10/2024
Fastening point:			

8 Remarks; Your Cooperation Duties

- Any and all information and data contained in the Software concern solely the use of Hilti products and are based on the principles, formulas and security regulations in accordance with Hilti's technical directions and operating, mounting and assembly instructions, etc., that must be strictly complied with by the user. All figures contained therein are average figures, and therefore use-specific tests are to be conducted prior to using the relevant Hilti product. The results of the calculations carried out by means of the Software are based essentially on the data you put in. Therefore, you bear the sole responsibility for the absence of errors, the completeness and the relevance of the data to be put in by you. Moreover, you bear sole responsibility for having the results of the calculation checked and cleared by an expert, particularly with regard to compliance with applicable norms and permits, prior to using them for your specific facility. The Software serves only as an aid to interpret norms and permits without any guarantee as to the absence of errors, the correctness and the relevance of the results or suitability for a specific application.
- You must take all necessary and reasonable steps to prevent or limit damage caused by the Software. In particular, you must arrange for the regular backup of programs and data and, if applicable, carry out the updates of the Software offered by Hilti on a regular basis. If you do not use the AutoUpdate function of the Software, you must ensure that you are using the current and thus up-to-date version of the Software in each case by carrying out manual updates via the Hilti Website. Hilti will not be liable for consequences, such as the recovery of lost or damaged data or programs, arising from a culpable breach of duty by you.